

NAZIV PREDMETA		Fundamentals of electronics 2				
Code	PMT061	Year of study	3.			
Course teacher	Siniša Antonijević	Credits (ECTS)	5			
Associate teachers	Hrvoje Turić	Type of instruction (number of hours)	P	S	V	T
			30	15		
Status of the course	mandatory	Percentage of application of e-learning				
OPIS PREDMETA						
Course objectives	Acquiring basic knowledge in electronics					
Course enrolment requirements and entry competences required for the course	<p>Course enrolment requirements: none</p> <p>Entry competences: understanding of semiconductor properties, PN junction and semiconductor diodes</p>					
Learning outcomes expected at the level of the course (4 to 10 learning outcomes)	<p>Students are expected to be able to:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Describe input and output VI curves of BJTs</li> <li>2. Describe hybrid model of BJT, and physical meaning of h-parameters</li> <li>3. Analyze simple transistor amplifier (common emitter configuration) and transistor switch</li> <li>4. Describe basic properties of transistor amplifiers in common base, collector, gate, drain and source configurations.</li> <li>5. Describe feedback loop</li> <li>6. Analyze transistors in Darlington pair and current mirror</li> <li>7. Describe basic properties of operational amplifier and analyze basic operational amplifier circuits</li> <li>8. Classify logic gate realization technologies</li> <li>9. Describe basic types of bistable multivibrators</li> </ol>					
Course content broken down in detail by weekly class schedule (syllabus)	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. BJT static VI curves, limitations in transistor operation</li> <li>2. BJT dynamic characteristics. BJT as two port network – h-model</li> <li>3. Amplifiers in general. BJT in common emitter configuration– DC analysis.</li> <li>4. BJT in common emitter configuration – AC analysis. Basic topologies of amplifiers in other configurations.</li> <li>5. Colloquium 1.</li> <li>6. Transistor switch.</li> <li>7. Cascading amplifiers. Darlington pair analysis. Differential amplifier in general. Current mirror. Feedback.</li> <li>8. Operational amplifier (OPAMP) – basic properties and circuits with OPAMP.</li> <li>9. Basic circuits with OPAMP.</li> <li>10. Colloquium 2.</li> <li>11. Digital electronics overview. Integrated circuit scale of integration. Truth tables of basic logic gates. Half-adder and full-adder.</li> <li>12. Logic families. CMOS logic examples.</li> <li>13. Sequential logic overview. Level triggered bistables.</li> <li>14. Edge triggered bistables.</li> <li>15. Colloquium 3.</li> </ol>					

Format of instruction	Lectures, seminars, consultations.
Student responsibilities	Minimum 70% class attendance. All seminars must be successfully completed.
Screening student work ( <i>name the proportion of ECTS credits for each activity so that the total number of ECTS credits is equal to the ECTS value of the course</i> )	5 ECTS credits are distributed as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 30 hours of lectures – 1 ECTS credit</li> <li>- 15 hours of seminar – 0,5 ECTS credit</li> <li>- 15 hours of independent work for seminar – 0,5 ECTS credit</li> <li>- 90 hours of independent study for colloquiums and exam – 3 ECTS credits</li> </ul>
Grading and evaluating student work in class and at the final exam	<p>Student will have successfully completed the course if he/she</p> <p>a) achieves minimum 50% result at written exam, or</p> <p>b) achieves minimum 50% result at each optional colloquium</p> <p>In case only 1 of 3 optional colloquiums is not positive (less than 50% result), student will have an option for exam questions to be limited to chapters pertaining to this colloquium only.</p> <p>The student class activity is rewarded with "+". Each "+" will be cumulatively added as +1% on each subsequent colloquium result.</p> <p>The grade by percentages:</p> <p>50% to 61% - 2 62% to 74% - 3 75% to 87% - 4 88% to 100% - 5</p>
Required literature (available in the library and via other media)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- lecture notes (presentations available online)</li> <li>- solved examples (presentations available online)</li> <li>- V. Papić, Predavanja iz osnova elektronike, Sveučilišna skripta, 2005.</li> </ul>
Optional literature (at the time of submission of study programme proposal)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- B. Juzbašić, Elektronički elementi, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1984.</li> <li>- P. Biljanović, Elektronički sklopovi, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1989.</li> <li>- N. Storey, Electronics: A Systems Approach, Prentice Hall, 1998.</li> <li>- P. Slapničar, Gotovac: Elektronički sklopovi, Sveučilište u Splitu, 2000.</li> </ul>
Quality assurance methods that ensure the acquisition of exit competences	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- communication with students</li> <li>- anonymous questionnaire</li> <li>- percentage of students that successfully complete course</li> <li>- self-analysis</li> </ul>

Other (as the proposer wishes to add)	
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